# PROPEL Business lab 

## SESSION IX

THE STORY BEHND THE NUMBERS:
UNDERSTANDING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS \& FINANCIAL RATIOS


## AGENDA

SESSIONIX
6:00p.m. - 6:10p.m.: CEO and/or PROGRAM MANAGER COMMENTS (If Applicable)
6:15p.m. - 8:00p.m.: UNDERSTANDING THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
8:00p.m. - 8:55p.m.: UNDERSTANDING AND INTERPRETING FINANCIAL RATIOS
8:55p.m. - 9:00p.m.: CEO and/or PROGRAM MANAGER COMMENTS (If Applicable)
"The most dangerous poison is the feeling of achievement. The antidote is to every evening think what can be done better tomorrow."

## (Ingvar Kamprad, founder of IKEA)



## UNDERSTANDING THE

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



## WHAT IS THE REAL PURPOSE?

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TELL THE STORY OF THE BUSINESS. THEY SHOW PAST PERFORMANCE, PRESENT ACHIEVEMENTS, AND PREDICT FUTURE OUTCOMES FOR:

Management<br>Investors<br>Shareholders<br>Creditors



Commercial Banks \& Financial Institutions

## THE INCOME STATEMENT

O Also known as the Profit $\&$ Loss Statement or the P\&L Statement.

O Reports financial performance over a specified period of time.

O Includes temporary accounts that close at the end of each accounting period.

O Includes all revenues and expenses over a specific period of time.

OShows stakeholders how much money the company made versus how much was spent over a particular period of time.

Why would this financial statement be important to any stakeholder?

## INCOME STATEMENT, CONT'D

Review the Income Statement below. What story does this financial statement tell?

| PROPEL LAB INDUSTRIES COMPARATIVE INGOME STATEMENT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 |
| REVENUES |  |  |  |
| SALES | \$7,500 | \$6,000 | \$10,000 |
| OTHER INCOME | \$3,850 | \$3,000 | \$5,000 |
| TOTAL REVENUE | \$11,350 | \$9,000 | \$15,000 |
| EXPENSES |  |  |  |
| SUPPLIES EXPENSES | \$3,500 | \$4,605 | \$1,500 |
| ADVERTISING EXPENSE | \$1,100 | \$3,000 | \$1,000 |
| MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSE | \$800 | \$1,575 | \$500 |
| TOTAL EXPENSES | \$5,400 | \$9,180 | \$3,000 |
| NET INCOME | \$12,150 | (\$180) | \$12,000 |

## STATEMENT OF OWNER'S EQUITY

O Also known as the "Statement of Changes in Owner's Equity" or the Statement of Retained Earnings".

O Reports financial performance over a specified period of time.

O Includes temporary and permanent accounts

- Shows how the company's owner equity increased or decreased during the accounting period.

Why would this financial statement be important to any stakeholder?

## STATEMENT OF OWNER'S EQUITY, CONT'D

Review the Statement of Owner's Equity below. What story does this financial statement tell?
$\left.\begin{array}{ll|l} & \begin{array}{c}\text { PROPELLAB INDUSTRIES } \\ \text { STATEMENT OF OWNER'S EQUITY }\end{array} \\ & \text { FOR THE PERIOD ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2023 }\end{array}\right)$

## THE BALANCE SHEET

- Also known as the Statement of Financial Position.

O Reports financial performance as of a SPECIFIC DATE.

O Includes permanent accounts that rollover to the next accounting period.

O Includes assets, liabilities, and owner's equity accounts.

- Direct reflection of the basic accounting equation.

OShows stakeholders where the company stands financially on a specific date.
Why would this financial statement be important to any stakeholder?

## BALANCE SHEET, CONT'D

Review the Balance Sheet below. What story does this financial statement tell?

## PROPEL LAB INDUSTRIES

## BALANCE SHEET

DECEMBER 31, 2023

| ASSETS |  | LIABILITIES |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CASH | \$25,000 | ACCOUNTS PAYABLE | 25,000 |
| ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE | 3,000 | NOTES PAYABLE | 60,000 |
| SUPPLIES | 2,500 | TOTAL LIABILITIES | \$85,000 |
| INVENTORY | 1,500 |  |  |
| LAND | 30,000 | OWNER'S EQUIT |  |
| BUILDING | 20,000 | OWNER'S EQUITY | 7,000 |
| VEHICLE | 10,000 | TOTAL OWNER'S EQUITY | \$7,000 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$92,000 | TOTAL LIABILITIES \& OWNER'S EQUITY | \$92,000 |

## STATEMENT OF GASH FLOWS

- Also known as the Statement of Financial Position.

O Reports the disposition of CASH as of a SPECIFIC DATE.

- Reports how liquid the company is. Does the company have enough cash to operate?
- Ending cash balance equals the cash balance from the Balance Sheet.

OShows stakeholders how cash is entering and leaving the business within a specific period.

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS, CONT'D

## Review the Statement of Cash Flows below, What story does this financial statement tell?

$\left.\begin{array}{ll} & \begin{array}{c}\text { PROPEL LAB INDUSTRIES } \\ \text { STATEMENT OF GASH FLOWS }\end{array} \\ \text { FOR THE PERIOD ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2023 }\end{array}\right]$

## UNDERSTANDING \&

 INTERPRETHNG
## FINANCIAL RATIOS



## FINANCIAL RATIOS

OUsed to evaluate the overall financial condition of a corporation or other organization.

- Examples:
- Working Capital
- Current Ratio
- Quick Ratio
- Profit Margin
- Asset Turnover Ratio
- Return on Investment
- Operating Margin



## FINANGIAL RATIOS, CONT'D

- Liquidity Ratios: Used to measure working capital performance
- Current Ratio: Current Assets / Current Liabilities
- Quick Ratio (Acid-Test Ratio): (Current Assets - Inventories - Prepaid Assets) / Current Liabilities
- Cash Ratio: Cash and Cash Equivalents / Current Liabilities
- Liquidity Ratios: Used to measure how much debt a company has.
- Debt Ratio: Total Debt / Total Assets

O Debt to Equity Ratio: Total Debt / Total Equity

## FINANCIAL RATIOS, CONT"D

- Efficiency Ratios: Used to measure how effectively a company uses working capital to general sales.
- Asset Turnover Ratio: Net Sales / Average Total Sales
- Inventory Turnover: Cost of Goods Sold / Average Value of Inventory
- Accounts Receivable Turnover Ratio: Net Credit Sales / Average Accounts Receivable
- Profitability Ratios: Used to measure how a company generates profits using available resources over a given period. (Higher ratio results are more favorable.)
- Gross Margin: Gross Profit / Net Sales
- Operating Margin: Operating Income / Net Sales
- Return on Assets: Net Income / Assets


## FINANGIAL RATIOS, CONT'D

- Market Value Ratios: Used to measure how valuable a company is and usually used by external stakeholders and internal management.

Earnings Per Share Ratio: (Net Income - Preferred Dividends) / End-of-Period Common
Shares Outstanding


## LET'S REFLECT...

Identify at least one concept that was the most relevant to your business. Please explain.


## PRE-WORK FOR SESSION X



## ASSIGNMENTS

## SESSION IX

1. Read through the Session X Presentation.
2. Read the additional resources provided in the program outline for Week \#10.

# CONTAGT INFORMATION 

## LET'S PROPEL



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